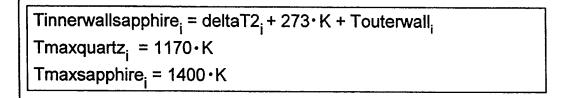
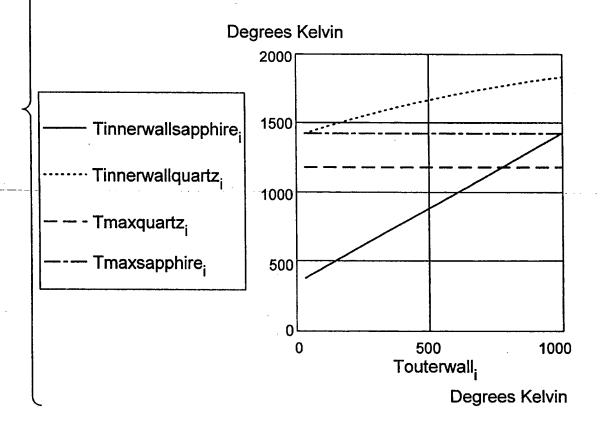


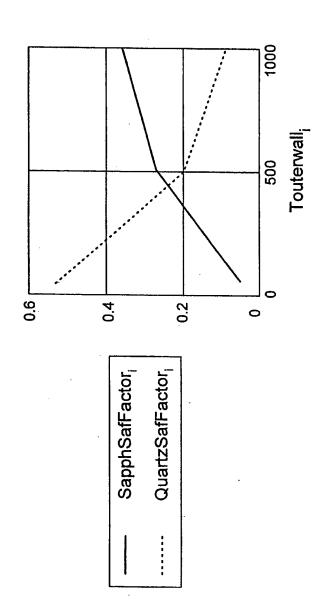
FIG. 2B



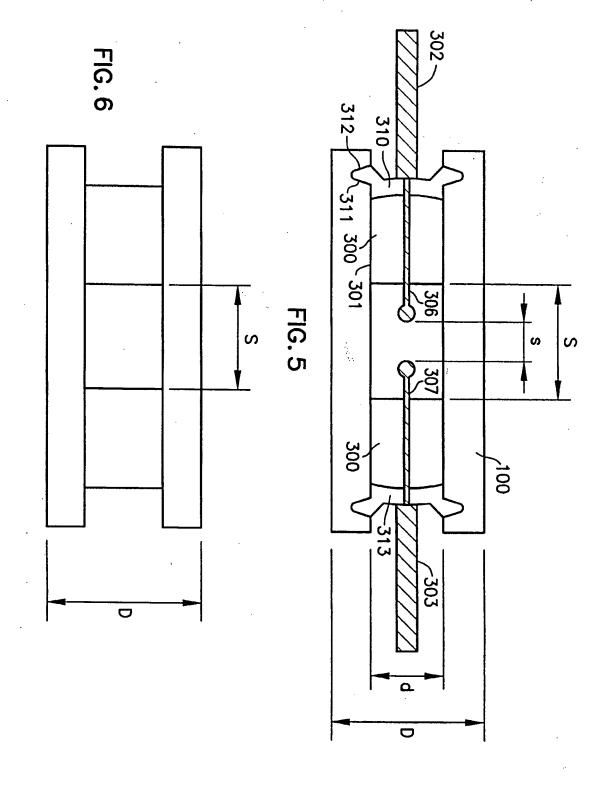


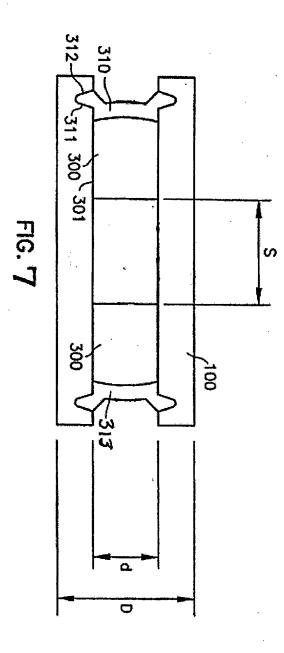
F I G. 3

Total Thermal Plus Hoop Stress on Bulb as a Fraction of Tensile Strength



F | G. 4





SAPPHIRE / QUARTZ COMPARISON

PROPERTIES	Units	Sapphire <sup>1</sup>	Alumina <sup>2</sup>	Quartz³
Softening Temperature	၁ွ	2030	2000	1597
Maximum Operating Temperature	၁့	1400	1400	006
Thermal Conductivity @ 600°K	W/cm⁰K	0.189	0.035	0.017
Expansion Coefficient @ 25-1100°C	M⁰m/m	8.8×10 <sup>-5</sup>	8.3x10 <sup>-6</sup>	4.8x10 <sup>-7</sup>
Tensile Strength @ 25°C <sup>4</sup>	psi	155000	NA	7000
Max Transmittance 0.3-0.9nm (1.0mm wall)	1.0-100%	0.98 (clear)	0.84 (trans- luscent)	0.94 (clear)

<sup>1</sup> Single crystal alumina <sup>2</sup> Poly-crystalline alumina

<sup>3</sup> Fused

<sup>4</sup> For tubes: Burst Pressure [ 2 X Wall Thickness X Tensile Strength @ Temp.] / Tube ID

TABLE 1

Temperature	Tensile Strength Sapphire	Tensile Strength Quartz
25°C	155000 psi	7000 psi
500°C	80000 psi	16500 psi
1000°C	73000 psi	24000 psi
1400°C	56000 psi	FAILURE

## FOR TUBES

Burst Pressure - (2 X Wall Thickness X Tensile Strength @ Temp)/ID

TABLE 2

## THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY (W/CM·K)

TEMP (°C)	SAPPHIRE	QUARTZ
25	0.46	0.0138
800	0.17	0.018
1000	0.105	0.03

TABLE 3